	Essential Questions	Standards-based Essential Skills/Concepts to be Targeted & Instructional Strategies	Formative/Summative Assessments (Performances, Projects)
1 st Advisory	How do we use our voices? How does music sound different between different instruments? How do you move to music? How does music tell a story? How is music performed? How can we tell a musical story?	Standards: 1.1.L2, 1.1.E1, 1.2.S3. 1.2.P2, 1.3.3, 1.4.3, 1.5.H1 Listen: Identify pitched and non-pitched classroom instruments by sight and sound. Respond to music with movement: perform line and circle dances; perform dances and games from various cultures; dramatize songs, stories, and poems; and perform choreographed movements. Speak (repeat): Demonstrate use of pitch (high/low, upward/downward, melody skips, repeats. melodic patterns, ostinatos) and timbre of the voice. Perform rhythm patterns that include long and short sounds and repeated patterns. Speak (improvise): Create tonal patterns that ascend, descend, and repeat.	Follow a listening map and show the melodic contour through movement Read and follow iconic notation for melodic direction Create kinesthetic movement to different styles of music Perform, using non pitched percussion instruments and rhythmic solfege, rhythmic patterns using quarter and eighth note patterns Resources
	Required: America p.426 Suggested: This Land Is Your Land (pg. 268) Green, Green, Rocky (pg. 311) Little Shell (pg. 337) Celebrate (pg. 386) Pumpkin, Pumpkin (pg. 393)	Read: Imitate use of solfege syllables (e.g., do, re, mi) to read short tonal patterns that move up, down, or repeat. Write: See Speak (improvise) Talk About: Listen to/sing music and folk songs of various countries/regions.	Content and Tools by Strand Grade 1 Standards Document Making Music Grade 1, Teacher Ed. Oprah feat will.i.am (America)

	Essential Questions	Standards-based Essential Skills/Concepts to be Targeted & Instructional Strategies	Formative/Summative Assessments (Performances, Projects)
2 nd Advisory	How do we use our voices? How does music sound different between different instruments? How do you move to music? How does music tell a story? How is music performed? How can we tell a musical story?	Standards: 1.1.L4, 1.1.L5, 1.2.S4, 1.2.P4, 1.3.2, 1.4.2, 1.5.H3 Listen: Recognize sudden dynamic and tempo changes in music. Identify high pitches and low pitches and demonstrate different pitches vocally, instrumentally, and with movement. Speak (repeat): Demonstrate melodic rhythm when singing. Demonstrate melodic rhythm (ostinato, melodic patterns). Speak (improvise): Create melodies to familiar nursery rhymes or chants. Read: Read (using rhythmic solfege) simple sets of rhythms using quarter and eighth note patterns. Write: See Speak (improvise) Talk About: Name and characterize the use of specific instruments by people of a particular culture (e.g., conga drums and shakers - African & Latino, castanets- Spanish, tom tom drums and bell clusters- Native American).	Create steady beat patterns to reflect tempo changes Perform ostinato accompaniments to songs/singing games from various cultures Identify, by sight and sound, various instruments and match them to the various cultures in which they are typically used Create 4-beat rhythmic patterns using quarter and eighth notes. Using so/mi, create a simple melody to a familiar chant or rhyme Read and follow iconic notation for high and low pitches and demonstrate them on pitched
	Repertoire		percussion instruments Resources
	Required: I Saw Three Ships p.406		Content and Tools by Strand Grade 1 Standards Document Making Music Grade 1, Teacher Ed.
	Suggested: Round and Round (pg. 148) I Love Peanuts (pg. 162) Wind Up the Apple Tree (pg. 182) Hambone (pg. 200) Apple Tree (pg. 226)		Wikipedia (I Saw Three Ships)

	Essential Questions	Standards-based Essential Skills/Concepts to be Targeted &	Formative/Summative Assessments
		Instructional Strategies	(Performances, Projects)
		Standards: 1.1.L3, 1.1.E3, 1.2.S2, 1.2.P1, 1.2.P3, 1.3.1, 1.4.1, 1.5.H2	Create a song in ABA form using both movements and instruments
	How do we use our voices?	Listen: Distinguish between extreme contrasts of sound and	
	How does music sound different between	between melodic rhythm and steady beat.	Dramatize a "verse" of a song
	different instruments?	Describe how ideas or moods are communicated through music.	
	How do you move to music?		Play melodic and rhythmic ostinatos
	How does music tell a story?	Speak (repeat): Develop a repertoire of songs with and without	to accompany various song and
	How is music performed?	accompaniment.	singing games
	How can we tell a musical story?	Perform simple accompaniments on pitched and non-pitched classroom instruments.	Improvise on nitched negation
		Relate rhythm patterns to notation.	Improvise, on pitched percussion instruments, a melodic 'B' section to
			a speech poem or chant
		Speak (improvise): Imitate and create tonal patterns that ascend,	
>		descend, and repeat.	Sing songs on pitch and with correct
isor		Dead laterage to be there's and to red matter as and to red	intonation while maintaining a steady
Advisory		Read: Interpret rhythmic and tonal patterns and tempo and dynamic symbols.	beat
ω F			In pairs, create rhythmic patterns to
		Write: See speak (improvise)	illustrate tempo and/or dynamic
			changes
	Repertoire	Talk About: Identify roles of musicians in various settings and the uses of specific music in daily or special events.	Resources
	Required:	ases of specime mastern daily of special events.	Content and Tools by Strand
	This Land Is Your land p.268		Grade 1 Standards Document
			Making Music Grade 1, Teacher Ed.
	Suggested:		NPR Music (This Land is Your Land)
	Shortnin' Bread (pg.58)		
	Wake Me, Shake Me (pg. 270) Sing! Speak! Whisper! Shout! (pg.36)		
	No One Can Be Exactly Like Me (pg. 274)		
	Friends of Mine (pg. 300)		
	(80. 200)		

	Essential Questions	Standards-based Essential Skills/Concepts to be Targeted & Instructional Strategies	Formative/Summative Assessments (Performances, Projects)
4 th Advisory	How do we use our voices? How does music sound different between different instruments? How do you move to music? How does music tell a story? How is music performed? How can we tell a musical story?	 Standards: 1.1.L1, 1.1.E2, 1.2.S1, 1.2.P1, 1.3.1, 1.4.1, 1.5.S2, 1.5.S1 Listen: Recognize simple musical forms such as phrase, AB, and echo. Identify, talk about, sing, or play music written for specific purposes (e.g., work song, lullaby). Speak (repeat): Sing from memory a variety of simple songs, echoes, and chants, individually and in groups, with accuracy. Perform simple accompaniments on pitched and non-pitched classroom instruments. Speak (improvise): Imitate and create tonal patterns that ascend, descend, and repeat. Read: Interpret rhythmic and tonal patterns and tempo and dynamic symbols. 	Play melodic patterns that move by step, skips, and repeats Demonstrate knowledge of steady beat by playing simple alternating bordouns to accompany songs Create movements that represent the mood suggested by a section of music – sadness, joy, anger, etc Identify, by sight and sound, rhythmic patterns using quarter and eighth notes, and quarter rests Demonstrate the difference between steady beat and rhythmic patterns
	Repertoire Required: Put Your Hand in My Hand pg. 318 Suggested: Bee Bee, Bumble Bee (pg. 50) Head, Shoulders, Baby (pg. 82) Twist with a Burger, Jitter with a Bug (pg. 132) Bounce High, Bounce Low (pg. 152)	 Write: See Speak (improvise) Talk About: Use music together with dance, theatre, and the visual arts, for storytelling. Describe relationships between music and other arts through drawing, drama, movement, dance, and storytelling. 	Resources Content and Tools by Strand Grade 1 Standards Document Making Music Grade 1, Teacher Ed.